

လက်နက် (အရေးပေါ်ဖြစ်ပွားစီရင်မှု) (ယာယီ)။

ဖြစ်စေ စပ်လျဉ်း၍ခိုးမှုကျူးလွန်လျှင်၊ သို့တည်းမဟုတ် ခိုးမှုကျူးလွန်ရန် ကြံစည်အားထုတ်လျှင်သော်၎င်း၊

- (ခ) အစိုးရပိုင် အမြောက်ကိုဖြစ်စေ၊ အခြားလက်နက်ကိုဖြစ်စေ၊ ခဲယမ်းမီးကျောက်ကိုဖြစ်စေ၊ ရောင်းချလျှင်၊ သို့တည်းမဟုတ် ရောင်းချရန်ကြံစည် အားထုတ်လျှင်သော်၎င်း၊
- (ဂ) ဥပဒေအရ လက်ရှိကိုင်ဆောင်ခွင့်ရှိသူပိုင်အမြောက်ကိုဖြစ်စေ၊ အခြား လက်နက်ကိုဖြစ်စေ၊ ခဲယမ်းမီးကျောက်ကိုဖြစ်စေ၊ ဥပဒေအရလက်ရှိကိုင် ဆောင်ခွင့် မရှိသောအခြားသူတို့ဦးတယောက်အား ရောင်းချလျှင်၊ သို့တည်းမဟုတ် ရောင်းချရန်ကြံစည် အားထုတ်လျှင်သော်၎င်း၊
- (ဃ) အစိုးရပိုင်၊ သို့တည်းမဟုတ် ဥပဒေအရလက်ရှိကိုင်ဆောင်ခွင့်ရှိသူပိုင် အမြောက်ကိုဖြစ်စေ၊ အခြားလက်နက်ကိုဖြစ်စေ၊ ခဲယမ်းမီးကျောက်ကို ဖြစ်စေ၊ ဥပဒေအရ လက်ခံရယူပိုင်ခွင့်မရှိသော အခြားသူတို့ဦးတယောက် အားပေးအပ်လျှင်၊ သို့တည်းမဟုတ် ပေးအပ်ရန် ကြံစည်အားထုတ်လျှင် သော်၎င်း၊

ထိုသူကိုသေဒဏ်ဖြစ်စေ၊ တာဝန်ပတ်လုံးတကျွန်းပို့ဒဏ်ဖြစ်စေ၊ ဆယ်နှစ်ထက်မပိုသောအလုပ်ကြမ်း နှင့်ထောင်ဒဏ်ဖြစ်စေ၊ အလုပ်ခွဲထောင်ဒဏ်ဖြစ်စေ စီရင်ရမည်။

(၂) ပုဒ်မခွဲ (၁) တွင်ဖော်ပြထားသော ပြစ်မှုကျူးလွန်ရန် အားပေးကူညီသူတို့ ဝါဒပေးအပ်လျှင်၊ ထိုပြစ်မှုအတွက်ပြဋ္ဌာန်းထားသောပြစ်ဒဏ်ကိုစီရင်ခြင်းခံရမည်။

THE ARMS (TEMPORARY AMENDMENT) ACT. *

[Act LI, 1951.] (27th October, 1951.)

It is hereby enacted as follows :—

1. This Act shall remain in force until such date as the President of the Union may, by notification, direct that it shall no longer be in force ; and the provisions of section 5 of the Burma General Clauses Act as respects the repeal of an enactment shall have effect when this Act ceases to be in force by virtue of such notification.

2. So long as this Act remains in force, the Arms Act shall have effect as if the following had been inserted after section 19 of the said Act as section 19A thereof, namely :—

“ 19A. Whoever, with the intention of committing the offence of High Treason, and, in contravention of the provisions of section 13 or section 14 or section 15, goes armed with, or has in his possession or under his control, any of the following types of arms or ammunition or military stores, namely :—

- (i) Small arms, such as—
 - (a) Rifles,
 - (b) Light Automatic, Sten Gun, Bren Gun, Tommy Gun, Browning, American '300 Carbine,

* Published in Burma Gazette, 1951, Part I, p. 828.

- (ii) Light Machine Gun or ammunition thereof,
 - (iii) Mortar or ammunition thereof,
 - (iv) Heavy Machine Gun, such as Vickers Machine Gun, Browning Machine Gun, Besa Machine Gun, Japanese Heavy Machine Gun, Anti-Tank Weapon, and any variety of Field Artillery, Light Anti-Aircraft Gun, Aircraft Cannon or ammunition thereof,
 - (v) Live Hand Grenade,
 - (vi) Live Rifle Grenade,
 - (vii) Live Mortar Bomb,
 - (viii) Demolition Explosives,
- or any other arms or ammunition of the description which the President of the Union may, by notification, declare in this behalf, shall be punished with rigorous imprisonment for a term which may extend to seven years :

Provided that, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in any other law for the time being in force, it shall be presumed, until the contrary is proved, in a prosecution under this section, that the person found going armed with, or in possession of, or having under his control any of the arms, ammunition or military stores specified herein, had the intention of committing the offence of High Treason."

3. The Arms (Temporary Amendment) Act, 1949 (Act No. XXII of 1949) is hereby repealed.

* THE EXPLOSIVE SUBSTANCES ACT.

[INDIA ACT VI, 1908.] (8th June, 1908.)

- ¹ 1. This Act extends to the whole of the Union of Burma and applies also to all citizens of the Union and all servants of the Government wherever they may be. Extent and application.
2. In this Act, the expression "explosive substance" shall be deemed to include any materials for making any explosive substance; also any apparatus, machine, implement or material used, or intended to be used, or adapted for causing, or aiding in causing, any explosion in or with any explosive substance; also any part of any such apparatus, machine or implement. Definition of "explosive substance."
3. Any person who unlawfully and maliciously causes by any explosive substance an explosion of a nature likely to endanger life or to cause serious injury to property shall, whether any injury to person or property has been actually caused or not, be punished with transportation for life or any shorter term, to which fine may be added, or with imprisonment for a term which may extend to ten years, to which fine may be added. Punishment for causing explosion likely to endanger life or property.
4. Any person who unlawfully and maliciously— Punishment for attempt to cause explosion, or for making or keeping explosive with intent to endanger life or property.
- (a) does any act with intent to cause by an explosive substance, or conspires to cause by an explosive substance, an explosion in the Union of Burma of a nature likely to endanger life or to cause serious injury to property; or
 - (b) makes or has in his possession or under his control any explosive substance with intent by means thereof to endanger life, or cause serious injury to property in the Union of Burma, or to enable any

¹ Substituted by the Union of Burma (Adaptation of Laws) Order, 1948.