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THE BURMA OFFICIAL SECRETS ACT

[INDIA ACT XIX, 1923] (2nd April, 1923)

11. This Act extends to the whole of the Union of Burma, and applies also to all all citizens of the Union and all servants of the Government wherever they may be.

2. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in tine subject or context,—

- (1) any reference to a place belonging to [the State] includes a place occupie.

 Government, whether the place is or is not actually vested in [the State] i
- (2) expressions referring to communicating or receiving include any communicating or receiving, whether in whole or in part, and whether the sketch, plan, model, article, note, document, or information that of the substance, effect or description thread only be communicated or reduced, expressions referring to obtaining or retaining any sketch, plan, model, article, note, or document include the copying or causing to be copied of the whole or any part of any sketch, plan, model, article, note or document; and expressions referring to the communication of any sketch, plan, model, article, note or document include the transfer or transmission of the sketch, pain, model, article, note or document;
- (4) "model" includes design, pattern and specimen
- munitions of war" includes the whole or any part of any ship, submarine, aircraft, tank or similar engine, arms and ammunition, torpedo, or mine intended or adopted for use in war, and any other article, material, or device, whether actual or proposed, intended for such use;
- 1/6) "office under the Government" includes any office or employment in or under any department of the Government
- (7) "photograph" includes an undeveloped film or plate;
- (8) "prohibited place" means
 - (a) any work of defense, arsenal, naval, military or air force establishment or station, mine, (mineflect, camp, ship or aircraft belonging to, or occupied by or on behalf of [the State]¹, any military telegraph or telephone so belonging or occupied, any writeless or signal station or office so belonging or occupied, and any factory, ocolyard or other place so belonging or occupied and used for the purpose of building, nepating, making or storing any munitions of war, or any sketches, joints, models or documents relating thereto, or for the purpose of getting any metals, of or minerals of use in time of war.
 - (b) any place hot belonging to [the State]¹ where any munitions of war or any sketches, models plans or documents relating thereto, are being made, repaired, gotten or stored unde contract with, or with any person on behalf of, [the Government]¹;
 - (c) any place belonging to or used for the purpose of [the State] which is for the time being declared by the President of the Union, by notification in the Gazette, to be a prohibited place for the purposes of this Act on the ground that information with respect thereto, damage thereto, would be useful to an enemy, and to which a copy of the notification in respect thereof has been affected in [Surmess] and with a copy of the confication in
 - (d) any railway, road, way or channel, or other means of communication by land or water (including any works or structures being part thereof or connected therewith) or any place used for gas, water or electricity works or other works for purposes of a public character, or any place where any munitions of war or any sketches, models, plans or documents relating thereto, are being made, repaired or stored otherwise than on behalf of [the State]¹, which is

Foot Note: 1. Substituted by the Union of Burma (Adaptation of Laws) Order, 1948

- for the time being declared by the President of the Union, by notification in the Gazette, to be a prohibited place for the purposes of this Act on the ground that information with respect thereto, or the destruction or destruction thereof or interference theretime, would be useful to an enemy, and to which a copy of the notification in respect thereof has been affixed in Burnesel's and in the language of the locality, if any!:
- (9) "sketch" includes any photograph or other mode of representing any place or thing; and
- tendent of Police* includes any police-officer of a like or superior rank, and any person upon whom the powers of a Superintendent of Police are for the purposes of this Act conferred by the President of the Union.

3. (1) If any person for any purpose prejudicial to the safety or interests of the St

- (a) approaches, inspects, passes over or is in the vicinity of, or enters, any prohib
- (b) makes any sketch, plan, model, or note which is calculated to be or might be or is intended to be, directly or indirectly, useful to an enemy; or
- (c) obtains, collects, records or publishes or communicates to any other person any secret official code or password, or any sketch, plan, model, article or note or other document or information which is calculated to be or might be or is intended to be, directly or indirectly, useful to an enemy;

he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend, where the offence is committed in relation to any work of defense, arsenal, naval, military or air force establishment or station, mine, minefield, factory, dockyard, camp, ship or aircraft or otherwise in relation to the naval, military or air force affairs of [the State] or in relation to any secret official code, to fourteen years and in other cases to three years.

- Statel⁴ or in relation to any secret official code, to tourisen years and in orien cases or unver years.

 (2) On a prosecution for an offence purishable under this section with improparament for a term which may extend to fourisen years, it shall not be necessary to show that the accused person was guilty of any extend to fourisen years, it shall not be necessary to show that the accused person was guilty of any that no such act is proved against him, he may be convicted if, from the draumstances of the case or his that on such act is proved against him, he may be convicted if, from the draumstances of the case or his that one such accusation of the case or his that the purpose was a purpose prejudicial to the safety or interests of the State; and if any sketch, plan, model, article, note, document, or information relating to or index of such planes, or any secret official code or password is made, obtained, collected, recorded, published or communicated by any person other than a person acting it appears that his purpose was a purpose prejudicial to the safety or interests of the State, such sketch, plan, model, article, note, document or information shall be presumed to have been made, obtained, collected, recorded, published or communicated for a purpose prejudicial to the safety or interests of the State.
- 4. (f) In any proceedings against a person for an offence under section 3, the fact that he has been in communication with, or attempted to communicate with, a foreign agent, whether within or without the Union of Burms, shall be relevant for the purpose of proving that he has, for a purpose projudical to the safety or interests of the State, obtained or attempted to obtain information which is calculated to be or might be, or interested to be, entered to be, determined to be, entered to be entered.
 - (2) For the purpose of this section, but without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing pro
 - (a) a person may be presumed to have been in communication with a foreign agent if
 - (i) he has, either within or without the Union of Burma, visited the address of a foreign agent or consorted or associated with a foreign agent, or
 - (ii) either within or without the Union of Burma, the name or address of, or any other information regarding a foreign agent has been found in his possession, or has been obtained by him from any other person;
 - employed by a foreign power, either directly or indirectly, for the purpose of committing and act, either within or without the Union of Burma, prejudical to the safety or interests of the State, or who has or is reasonably suspected of having, either within or without the Union of Burma, committed, or attempted to commit, such an act in the interests of a foreign power;
 - (c) any address, whether within or without the Union of Burma, in respect of which it appears that there are reasonable grounds for suspecting it of being an address used for the receipt of communications intended for a foreign agent, or any address at which a breging resides, or to which he resorts for the purpose of giving or receiving communications, or at

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- (a) willfully communicates the code or password, sketch, plan, model, article, note, document o information to any person other than a person to whom he is authorized to communicate it or a Court of Justice or a person to whom it is, in the interests of the State, his duty to co mmunicate it; or
- (b) uses the information in his possession for the benefit of any foreign power or in any other manner prejudicial to the safety of the State; or
- (c) retains the sketch, plan, model, article, note or document in his possession or control when has no right to retain it, or when it is contrary to his duty to retain it, or willfully fails to comply with all directions issued by lawful authority with regard to the return or disposal thereof; or
- (d) falls to take reasonable care of, or so conducts himself as to endanger the safety of, the sketch, plan, model, article, note, document, secret official code or password or information;

he shall be guilty of an offence under this section

- (2) If any person voluntarily receives any secret official code or password or any sketch, plan, model, article, note, document or information knowing or having reasonable ground to believe, at the time when he receives it, that the code, password, sketch, plan, model, article, note, document or information is communicated in contravention of this Act, he shall be guilty of an offence under this section.
- (3) If any person having in his possession or control any sketch, plan, model, article, note, document or information which relates to munitions of war, communicates it, directly or indirectly, to any foreign power or in any other manner prejudicial to the safety or interests of the State, he shall be guilty of an offence under this section.
- (4) A person guilty of an offence under this section shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to two years, or with fine, or with both.
- 6. (1) If any person for the purpose of gaining admission or of assisting any other person to gain admission to a prohibited place or for any other purpose prejudicial to the safety of the State
 - (a) uses or wears, without lawful authority, any naval, military, air force, police or other official uniform, or any uniform so nearly resembling the same as to be calculated to deceive, or falsely represents himself to be a person who is or has been entitled to use or wear any such uniform; or
 - (b) orally, or in writing in any declaration or application, or in any document signed by him or on his behalf, knowingly makes or connives at the making of any false statement or any omission; or
 - (c) forges, alters, or tampers with any passport or any naval, military, air force, police, or official pass permit, certificate, license, or other document of a similar character (hereinafter in this section referred to as an official document) or knowingly uses or has in his possession any such forged altered, or irregular official document; or
 - (d) personates, or falsely represents hinself to be, a person holding, or in the employment of a person holding, office under the Covenment, or to be or not to be a person to whom an official document or severel diffical code or passwork has been duly issued or communicated, or with intent to obtain an official document, severel official code or passwords, whether for himself or any other person, knowley makes any files statement.
 - (e) uses, or has in his possession or under his control, without the authority of the department of the Covernment or the authority concerned, any die, seal or stamp of or belonging to, or used, made or provided by, any department of the Covernment, or by any deplorands, naval, military or air force authority appointed by or acting under the authority of Covernment, or any die, seal or stamp so nearly resembling any such die, seal or stamp as to be calculated to receive, or counterfiels any such due, seal or stamp, or knowledy uses, or has in his possession or under his control, any such counterfield die, seal of stamp.

he shall be guilty of arm offence under this section.

- (2) If any person for any purpose prejudicial to time safety of the State-
- (a) retains any official document, whether or not completed or issued for use, when he has no right to retain it, or when it is contrary to his duty to retain it, or willfully fails to comply within any directions issued by any department of the Covernment or any person authorized by such department with regard to the return or disposal thereof; or
- (b) allows any other person to have possession of any official document issued for his use alone, or communicates any secret official code or password so issued, or, without lawful authority or excuse, has in his possession any official document or secret official code or password issued for the use of some person other than himself, or, on obtaining possession of any official document by finding or otherwise, willfully fails to receive it to the person or authority by withour of for whose use it was issued, or to a police-officer; or
- (c) without lawful authority or excuse, manufactures or sells, or has in his possession for sale, any such die, seal or stamp as aforesaid;

he shall be guilty of an offence under this section

- (3) A person guilty of an offence under this section shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to two years, or within fine, or with both.
- (4) The provisions of sub-section (2) of section 3 shall apply, for the purpose of proving a purpose of proving a safety of the State, to any prosecution for an offence under this section relating to the naval, military or air force affairs of State, for only secret official code, in like manner as they apply, for the purpose of proving a purpose prejudicial to the safety or interests of the State, to prosecutions for offences punishable under that section with imprenoment for a term with may extend to fourteen years.
- 7. (f) No person in the vicinity of any prohibited place shall obstruct, knowingly mislead or otherwise interfere with or impade, any police-officer, or any member of the Burma forces engaged on guard, sentry, patrol, or other similar duty in relation to the prohibited place.
- (2) If any person acts in contravention of the provisions of this section, he shall be punishable within imprisonment which may extend to two years, or within fine, or with both.
- 8. (f) It shall be the duty of every person to give on demand to a Superintendent of Police, or other police officer not below the rank of Inspector empowered but an Inspector-General or Commissioner of Police in this behalf, or to any member of the Burna forces engaged to guard, sethly, bardor or other similar during information in his power relating to an offence or suspected offence under section 3, or under section 3 and with section 9, and if so required, and upon tender of his rescande expenses, to attend at such reasonable time and place as may be specified for the purpose of furnishing such information.
- (2) If any person fails to give any such information or to attend as aforesaid, he shall be punishable wi imprisonment which may extend to two years, or with fine, or with both.
- Any person who attempts to commit or abets the commission of an offence under this Act shall be punishable with the same punishment, and be liable to be proceeded against in the same manner, as if he had committed such offence.
- 10. (f) If any person knowingly harbors any person whom he knows or has reasonable grounds for supposing to be a person who is about to commit or who has committed an offence under section 3, or under section 3 read within section 9, or knowingly permits to meet or assemble in any premises in his occupation or under his control any such persons, he shall be guilty of an offence under this section.
- (2) It shall be duty of every become, having harbored any such person as aforesaid or permitted to meet or assemble in any premises in his occupation or under his control any such persons as aforesaid, pile on demand to a Superintender of Police, or other police-officer not below the rank of Indiano empowered by an Inspector-General or Commissioner of Police in this behalf, any information in his power relating to any such person or persons, and if any person falls to give any such information, he shall be guilty of an officere under this section.
- (3) A person guilty of an offence under this section shall be punishable within imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year, or with fine, or with both.
- It. () If a Magnetic other between the first class or Subdivisional Magnetiate is satisfied by information on oath that there is reasonable ground for suspecting that an offence under this Act has been or is about to be committed, he may grant a search warmst authoritizing any police-officer named therein, not being below the rank of an officer in charge of a police station, to enter at any time any remises of place named in the warrant, if necessary, by force, and to search the premises or place and every person found therein, and to setze any sketch, not proceed, action, and the search of the premises or place and every person found therein, and to setze any sketch, not not a state, and the control of the premises or place and every person found the thing which is evidence of an offence such person, and with regard to or in connection with which he has reasonable ground for suspecting that an offence under this Act has been or is about to be committed.
- (2) Where it appears to a police-officer, not being below the rank of Superintendent, that the case is on of great emergency, and that in the interests of the State immediate action is necessary, he may by a written order under his hand give to any police-officer the like authority as may be given by the warrant of a Magistrate under this section.
- (3) Where action has been taken by a police-officer under sub-section (2) he shall, as soon as may be, report such action to the District or Subdivisional Magistrate.
- 12. Notwithstanding anything in the Code of Criminal Procedure
 - (a) an offence punishable under section 3 or under section 3 read with section 9 within imprisonment for a term which may extend to fourteen years shall be a cognizable and non-ballable offence;
 - (b) an offence under clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 6 shall be a cognizable and ballable offence; and
 - (c) every other offence under this Act shall be a non-cognizable and bailable offence, in respect of which a warrant of arrest shall ordinarily issue in the first instance.
- 13. (1) No Court (other than that of a Magistrate of the first class specially empowered in this behalf by the President of the Union) which is inferior to that of a District Magistrate shall try any offence under this Act.
- (2) If any person under trial before a Magistrate for an offence under this Act at any time before a charge is framed claims to be tried by the Court of Session, the Magistrate shall, if he does not discharge the accused, commit the case for trial by that Court, notwithstanding that it is not a case exclusively triable by that Court.
- (3) No Court shall take cognizance of any offence under this Act unless upon complaint made by order of, or under authority from, the President of the Union, or some officer empowered by the President of the Union in this behalf.
- Provided that a person charged with such an offence may be arrested, or a warrant for his arrest may be ssued and executed, and any such person may be remanded in custody or on bail, notwithstanding that such



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Union of Surma in which the oriender may be found.

All, in addition and without prejudice to any powers which a Court may possess to order the exclusion of the public from any proceedings, if, in the course of proceedings before a Court against any person for an offence under this Act or the proceedings not papeal, or in the course of the trial of a penson under this Act, application is made by the prosecution, on the ground that the publication of any evidence to be given or of any statement to be made in the course of the proceedings would be precludical to the safety of the State, that all or any portion of the public shall be excluded during any part of the hearing, the Court may make an order to that effect, but the passing of sentence shall in any case step lapsice in public.

15. Where the person guilty of an offence under this Act is a company or corporation, every director and officer of the company or corporation with whose knowledge and consent the offence was committed shall be guilty of the literature.

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